

Z  
675  
S3M377

✓ 1124

Report  
of  
the Survey of Libraries in High Schools on the Accredited  
List of the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools  
of the Southern States.

Made in May 1926

by

Etta Lane Matthews

High School Librarian and Director of School Libraries.

Knoxville - Tennessee

57089

Report

of

the Survey of Libraries in High Schools on the Accredited  
List of the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools  
of the Southern States.

Made in May 1926

by

Etta Lane Matthews

High School Librarian and Director of School Libraries

Knoxville - Tennessee

\*\*\*\*\*

The high school library is coming into its own - slowly, it is true, but surely. Emphasis is being placed upon it in school organizations and in library conferences. This is only right and proper for it is the universal laboratory of the school and a necessary factor in our "education for freedom".

In order to get some idea of the high school library situation in our Southern schools a questionnaire was sent out in May 1926, to all schools, public and private, on the accredited list of the Association of Secondary Schools of the Southern States. This questionnaire was based on one sent out by the American Library Association two years or so ago. The questions asked were intended to bring out, in their replies, a measuring of the libraries by the requirements adopted by committees of the National Education Association and American Library Association for standard high school libraries.

Such replies, of course, cannot be considered final but they are the nearest approach we can make to the situation. So, while this report, naturally is not conclusive, it does give us an idea of the existing condi-

12

tions and thereby gives us a basis on which to work.

There are 756 schools represented in the Association. We received replies from 307 or more than 40% of them, a high percentage. In order to get a clear idea of the situation in each state, we analyzed the replies first by states and then summarized them.

Since school library development depends largely upon school enrollments, an analysis was made also by enrollments, dividing all schools into seven groups:

Group one	0-100
" two	100-200
" three	200-300
" four	300-400
" five	400-500
" six	500-1000
" seven	1000 and over

The analysis by states is as follows:

#### ALABAMA

Alabama has 53 schools on the accredited list, distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	6 schools
" two	-	100-200	"	-19 "
" three	-	200-300	"	-11 "
" four	-	300-400	"	-10 "
" five	-	400-500.	"	- 0 "
" six	-	500-1000	"	- 2 "
" seven	-	1000 and over	-	5 "

The majority of them are in group two, 100-200. We received 20 replies from the 53 schools in the following grouping:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	2
" two	-	100-200	"	- 3
" three	-	200-300	"	- 6
" four	-	300-400	"	- 3
" five	-	400-500	"	- 1
" six	-	500-1000	"	- 1
" seven	-	1000 and over	-	3

(The Southern Association reports no school in group five, 400-500 enrollment).

Seventeen of these schools report separate rooms for the library

with a seating capacity ranging from 10 to 250. Seven report full-time librarians, appointed in most instances by the Principal and receiving salaries varying from \$100 to \$1,521 a year. Fifteen of the libraries are cataloged and range in size from 500 to 10,000 volumes.

Ten report appropriations ranging from \$100 to \$1,000 and seven no appropriation. Eleven spent from \$100 to \$2,000 the last school year on books.

Replies to the question on books lent for home use were rather incomplete. Only 9 reported any lent for home use, the number of volumes varying from 125 to 9,437.

There are nine part-time or teacher-librarians giving from one hour a day to one-half of the school day. One library reports a full-time librarian and full-time assistant.

The control of the expenditures rests largely upon the principals of the schools. Nine of the libraries are open to the public as well as to the schools. The number of magazines received varies from 4 to 125. Five give instruction in the use of the library, giving 3 lessons only and correlating them with the English Department.

#### FLORIDA

Florida has 76 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	21
" two	-	100-200 "	-	25
" three	-	200-300 "	-	15
" four	-	300-400 "	-	4
" five	-	400-500 "	-	3
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	8
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	4

The majority of them are in group two, 100-200. We received 22 replies from the 76 schools in the following grouping:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	0
" two	-	100-200 "	-	9
" three	-	200-300 "	-	4
" four	-	300-400 "	-	2
" Five	-	400-500 "	-	1
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	5
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	1

Seventeen of these 22 schools report separate rooms for libraries, with a seating capacity ranging from 10 to 60. Three have full-time librarians, appointed by the Board of Education and receiving salaries ranging from \$1,000 to \$1,750 a school year. The libraries range in size from 484 to 2,055 volumes, and are fully cataloged on cards.

Twelve receive annual appropriations of \$50 to \$1,500. The amount spent in the last school year on books was from \$60 to \$680.

The record of books lent for home use varies from 50 to 3,600 volumes.

There are 12 part-time or teacher-librarians giving from one hour a day to three-fourths of a day, and no full-time assistants.

The control of expenditures rests largely with the principals.

Eight of the libraries are open to the public as well as to the school. The number of magazines received varies from 2 to 36.

Seven give from 4 to 6 lessons on the use of the library, three of which are correlated with the English Department.

#### GEORGIA

Georgia has 80 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	7
" two	-	100-200 "	-	36
" three	-	200-300 "	-	12
" four	-	300-400 "	-	12
" five	-	400-500 "	-	3
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	11
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	0

The larger number of them are in group two, 100-200. Replies were received from 17 of the 80 schools in the following grouping:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	1
" two	-	100-200 "	-	4
" three	-	200-300 "	-	3
" four	-	300-400 "	-	0
" five	-	400-500 "	-	0
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	7
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	2

Fourteen of the 17 schools report separate rooms for libraries with a seating capacity of from 15 to 100. Six report full-time librarians, appointed by the Board of Education receiving salaries ranging from \$150 to \$1,200 a year. The libraries range in size from 490 to 11,775 volumes. Eleven are fully cataloged on cards.

Eight receive annual appropriations of from \$150 to \$3,000, most of which is spent on books.

Nine lend books for home use, the number of volumes lent ranging from 90 to 12,100 volumes.

There are 5 part-time librarians giving from 1 to 2 hours a day. No full-time assistants.

The control of expenditures rests largely with the Principals. Eight libraries are open to the public, as well as to the schools.

Five give instruction in the use of the library as part of the English work, but do not indicate number of lessons given. The number of magazines received varies from 2 to 31.

#### KENTUCKY

Kentucky has 75 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	12
" two	-	100-200 "	-	34
" three	-	200-300 "	-	13
" four	-	300-400 "	-	7
" five	-	400-500 "	-	2
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	5
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	3

Replies were received from 35 of the 75 schools in the following grouping:

Group one -	0-100 enrollment	-	8
" two -	100-200 "	-	9
" three -	200-300 "	-	4
" four -	300-400 "	-	4
" five -	400-500 "	-	2
" six -	500-1000 "	-	5
" seven -	1000 & over	-	3

Twenty-seven of these schools report separate rooms for libraries with a seating capacity of from 8 to 175. There are 13 full-time librarians appointed in most instances by the Board of Education, receiving salaries ranging from \$135 to \$1,500 a year. The libraries range in size from 500 to 47,500 volumes. Twenty-eight are fully cataloged on cards.

Twenty-two receive appropriations of from \$75 to \$2,500 a year. Eight spent during the year from \$100 to \$1,271.20. Seventeen spent on books during the year from \$66.28 to \$1,778.

The control of expenditures rests largely with the Principals.

Fourteen report a circulation of 100 to 50,210 volumes. Librarians giving part-time give from one hour to one-half day. One reports a full-time assistant. Nineteen are open to the public as well as to the schools.

Thirty-one receive from 2 to 72 magazines regularly. Twenty give from 4 to 20 lessons on the use of the library. Ten of the courses are correlated with the English.

#### LOUISIANA

Louisiana has 74 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one -	0-100 enrollment	-	13
" two -	100-200 "	-	36
" three -	200-300 "	-	13
" four -	300-400 "	-	2
" five -	400-500 "	-	2
" six -	500-1000 "	-	4
" seven -	1000 & over	-	2

Replies were received from 22 of the 74 schools in the following grouping:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	3
" two	-	100-200 "	-	7
" three	-	200-300 "	-	4
" four	-	300-400 "	-	0
" five	-	400-500 "	-	0
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	5
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	3

Sixteen report separate rooms as libraries with a seating capacity from 8 to 125. Five have full time librarians, receiving salaries ranging from \$100 to \$1,300 a year. Three are appointed by the Board of Education. The libraries range in size from 543 to 5,500. One reports a full-time assistant. Part-time librarians give from one hour to one-fourth of the school day.

Thirteen libraries are fully cataloged on cards. Eight are open to the public as well as to the school. Twelve receive appropriations ranging from \$75 to \$5,000 a year. Nine spent from \$100 to \$500 last school year on books.

Control of expenditures rests largely with the Principals.

Seven report books lent during the year, the number ranging from 25 to 8,812.

Eleven receive from 5 to 45 magazines regularly.

Four give instruction in the use of the library but only one indicating number of lessons, that was 2. Two courses are correlated with English work.

#### MISSISSIPPI

Mississippi has 44 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	12
" two	-	100-200 "	-	17
" three	-	200-300 "	-	7
" four	-	300-400 "	-	3
" five	-	400-500 "	-	1
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	4
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	0

The majority are in group two, 100-200. Replies were received from 16 of the 44 schools in the following groupings:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	3
" two	-	100-200 "	-	1
" three	-	200-300 "	-	2
" four	-	300-400 "	-	5
" five	-	400-500 "	-	0
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	0
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	2

Three did not reply to the question on enrollment.

All 16 of these have separate rooms with a seating capacity ranging from 18 to 200. Six have full-time librarians appointed by Board of Education, and receiving from \$50 to \$1,400 a year. The libraries range in size from 500 to 3,500 volumes. Ten are fully cataloged on cards.

Twelve report appropriations of from \$150 to \$10,000.

Six spent last year \$31.64 to \$500 most of which was for books.

The control of expenditures rests largely with the Superintendents and Principals. Two report books lent for home use, 500 and 560.

Part-time librarians give from one hour to three-fourths of a day, no full-time assistants.

They are open to the public, as well as to the schools. Fifteen get from 7 to 46 magazines regularly.

Six give instruction in the use of the library, but did not indicate number of lessons given. One course is correlated with English.

#### NORTH CAROLINA

North Carolina has 75 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	10
" two	-	100-200 "	-	24
" three	-	200-300 "	-	14
" four	-	300-400 "	-	15
" five	-	400-500 "	-	3
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	7
" seven	-	1000 & over	-	3

The majority are in group two, 100-200 enrollment.

Replies were received from 31 of the 75 schools in the following groupings:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	3
" two	-	100-200	"	2
" three	-	200-300	"	4
" four	-	300-400	"	5
" five	-	400-500	"	4
" six	-	500-1000	"	7
" seven	-	1000 & over	"	5

One did not reply to this question.

Twenty-six report separate rooms with a seating capacity ranging from 15 to 100. Nine have full-time librarians, 4 of whom are appointed by Board of Education, receiving salaries ranging from \$50 to \$1,650 a year.

The libraries range in size from 500 to 5,407 volumes. Twenty-seven are cataloged fully on cards.

Nineteen have appropriations ranging from \$100 to \$3,100.

Twelve spent last year \$130 to \$1,550, most of which was for books.

The control of expenditures rests largely with the Superintendents.

Nine report from \$1,500 to 24,000 books lent for home use.

The part-time librarians give from one hour to three-fourths of a school day. One reports a full-time assistant.

Nineteen are open to the public, as well as to the schools. Twenty-eight get from 2 to 119 magazines regularly.

Thirteen give from 2 to 10 lessons in the use of the library. Four correlated with English and 3 with English and History.

#### SOUTH CAROLINA

South Carolina has 45 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one -	0-100 enrollment	-	2
" two -	100-200 "	-	18
" three -	200-300 "	-	15
" four -	300-400 "	-	2
" five -	400-500 "	-	4
" six -	500-1000 "	-	3
" seven -	1000 & over "	-	1

The majority are in group two.

Replies were received from 9 of the 45 schools in the following groupings:

Group one -	0-100 enrollment	-	0
" two -	100-200 "	-	4
" three -	200-300. "	-	2
" four -	300-400 "	-	1
" five -	400-500 "	-	0
" six -	500-1000 "	-	1
" seven -	1000 & over "	-	1

Eight report separate rooms for libraries with a seating capacity of 15 to 75. One reports a full-time librarian appointed by Board of Education and receiving a salary of \$1,000 a year. The libraries range in size from 500 to 2,520 volumes. Seven are fully cataloged on cards.

Six receive appropriations of from \$25 to \$600 a year. Four spent during the year from \$50 to \$720 all on books.

The control of expenditures rests largely with the Superintendents.

Five report circulation of 200 to 5,541. Librarians giving part-time, give from one-half hour to four hours. No full-time assistants. Two are open to the public, as well as to the schools.

Seven receive from 5 to 35 magazines regularly.

Two give instruction in the use of the library, but do not indicate number of lessons given. One is correlated with the English.

#### TENNESSEE

Tennessee has 67 schools on the accredited list, distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one -	0-100 enrollment	-	18
" two -	100-200 "	-	23
" three -	200-300 "	-	10
" four -	300-400 "	-	8
" five -	400-500 "	-	0
" six -	500-1000 "	-	4
" seven -	1000 & over	-	4

The majority are in group two, 100-200.

Replies were received from 45 of the 67 schools in the following groupings:

Group one -	0-100 enrollment	-	9
" two -	100-200 "	-	14
" three -	200-300 "	-	3
" four -	300-400 "	-	6
" five -	400-500 "	-	3
" six -	500-1000 "	-	4
" seven -	1000 & over	-	6

Thirty-four report separate rooms with a seating capacity of from 10 to 100. There are 5 full-time librarians appointed by Principal and Board of Education and Board of Library Trustees, receiving salaries ranging from \$450 to \$2,500 a year.

The libraries range in size from 500 to 41,000 volumes. Twelve are fully cataloged on cards.

Eleven receive appropriations ranging from \$50 to \$41,000. Eight spent during the year from \$75 to \$400. Nine spent on books during the year from \$25 to \$600.

The control of expenditures rests largely with the Principals.

Five report a circulation 200 to 16,020 volumes.

Librarians giving part-time give from 1 to 6 hours. Two report 1 full-time assistant, and 1 reports 2 full-time assistants.

Ten are open to the public as well as to the schools.

Eighteen receive from 2 to 125 magazines regularly.

Seven give from 8 to 10 lessons on the use of the library. One course is correlated with English and one with Reading.

TEXAS

Texas has 118 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	10
" two	-	100-200 "	-	31
" three	-	200-300 "	-	22
" four	-	300-400 "	-	9
" five	-	400-500 "	-	12
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	22
" seven	-	1000 & over"	-	12

The majority of them are in group two, 100-200 enrollment.

Replies were received from 59 of the 118 schools in the following groupings:

Group one	-	0-100 enrollment	-	4
" two	-	100-200 "	-	6
" three	-	200-300 "	-	9
" four	-	300-400 "	-	9
" five	-	400-500 "	-	5
" six	-	500-1000 "	-	13
" seven	-	1000 & over"	-	10

Three did not reply to this question.

Forty-five report separate rooms with a seating capacity of from 10 to 500. There are 31 full-time librarians, 20 appointed by Board of Education, 1 by Board of Education and Board of Library Trustees, receiving salaries from \$60 to \$1,900. The libraries range in size from 375 to 9,500 volumes. Forty-three are fully cataloged on cards.

Thirty-nine receive approprations from \$100 to \$2,500 a year. Eleven spent during the year from \$100 to \$1,200. Twenty-eight spent on books during the year from \$150 to \$8,000. The control of expenditures rests largely with the Board of Education.

Nineteen report circulation of 10 to 22,000 volumes.

Librarians giving part-time give from 1 to 6 hours. One reports a full-time assistant.

Thirty-six are open to the public as well as to the school

Fifty-four receive from 5 to 200 magazines regularly.

Twenty give from 3 to 10 lessons in the use of the library. Eight courses are correlated with English. Two with English and History, and twelve with other courses.

#### VIRGINIA

Virginia has 49 schools on the accredited list distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one -	0-100 enrollment	- 6
" two -	100-200 "	- 25
" three -	200-300 "	- 5
" four -	300-400 "	- 0
" five -	400-500 "	- 2
" six -	500-1000 "	- 6
" seven -	1000 & over	- 5

The greater number of them are in the group two, 100-200.

Replies were received from 31 of the 49 schools, distributed according to enrollment as follows:

Group one -	0-100 enrollment	- 2
" two -	100-200 "	- 12
" three -	200-300 "	- 4
" four -	300-400.	- 2
" five -	400-500 "	- 2
" six -	500-1000 "	- 6
" seven -	1000 & over "	- 3

Twenty-seven of these schools have separate rooms with a seating capacity of from 8 to 100. There are 7 full-time librarians appointed by the Principal, receiving a salary of from \$700 to \$1,500 a year, and have libraries, ranging from 300 to 5,250 volumes. 21 are fully cataloged on cards.

Sixteen receive appropriations from \$50 to \$2,000 a year. Eleven spent during the year from \$25 to \$2,700. Eighteen spent on books during the year from \$20 to \$1,200.

The control of expenditures rests largely with the Principals.

Eight report a circulation of 150 to 16,000. Librarians giving

part-time give from one-half to six hours. One reports a full-time assistant.

Eight are open to the public as well as to the schools.

Twenty-five receive from 5 to 35 magazines regularly.

Six give from 2 to 20 lessons on the use of the library. Five courses are correlated with English and one with English and History.

\*\*\*\*\*

It will be seen from Table I that of the 248 schools having libraries, 56 fall in the second enrollment group, 100-200, and 80 in those schools having an enrollment of over 500. There are only 13 in the fifth group, 400-500. It is in the schools having an enrollment of over 500 that libraries would be expected.

The 95 full-time librarians are in most cases in the large enrollment schools, as shown by Table II. Sixty are in group six or 500 or more enrollments, 15 in group four or the 300-400, with 4 each in group five or 400-500, and group one, and 6 each in groups two and three.

Part-time or teacher-librarians are fairly equally divided in groups 1, 2, 3, and 5, as seen by Table III, and the Student librarians mostly in the small enrollment schools as seen by Table IV.

The Southern Association requires an accredited school to have no less than 500 volumes in its library and there are very few that fall below as seen in Table VI. This table also shows that most of the schools have quite a large number of volumes beyond the required number, and practically all of the schools report very little "dead timber".

The answers to the questions on appropriations were rather indefinite but Tables VII and VIII, give some idea of the financial status of the high school libraries, with 85 receiving more than \$300 a year and only 6 receiving less than \$50 a year.

So often schools receive funds for purchasing books from outside organisations, so an effort was made to get an estimate of the amount spent on books,

and Tables IX and X give some idea though the answers were rather indefinite.

To summarize the whole, the situation in the schools in the Southern Association is somewhat like this.

There are in the 756 represented in the Southern Association 248 libraries (that is, rooms used solely as libraries). There are 95 full-time librarians, 130 part-time or teacher-librarians, 23 student librarians and 10 full-time assistants.

The minimum seating capacity of the school libraries is 8 and the maximum 250. Those having a seating capacity of over 100 are really college libraries, which are used by the academies or high schools which have some connection with them.

The libraries vary in size from 375 volumes in the smallest to ~~475,000~~<sup>47,500</sup> in the largest which is really a college library. The largest regular high school library has 8,000 volumes.

Most of the libraries are cataloged and seemingly in working order. Most of them fall under the jurisdiction of the Board of Education though not always supported by them. On this point, too, replies were somewhat confusing, as possibly the question was. There are three, however, under the Board of Library Trustees and 8 under the cooperation of the Board of Library Trustees and Board of Education. Twenty-three are under the schools themselves.

One hundred and sixty-six report appropriations of some kind. The lowest amount is \$25, the highest \$10,000.

Fewer than half of the 248 libraries lend books for home use.

Those who lent had circulations of from 25 to 24,000 during the last school year.

More than half are used as community libraries as is often the case where the high school is the community center.

In the 166 schools which report annual appropriations an average of 1.16 per pupil is appropriated as seen in Table VIII. If, as before we take for granted that the schools not replying had nothing to say we have in all the accredited schools as seen in Table VIII b, an average of .42 per pupil. This covers all expenditures supposedly. (I say supposedly because it was not made clear in the replies what this sum included).

In the 145 schools which reported the amount spent for books, we have an average of .93 per pupil, as seen in Table X a. Again if we take for granted that those not replying had nothing to say we have in all the schools in the Accredited Association an average of .21 per pupil spent for books, as seen in Table X b.

As stated before the reports on number of volumes lent for home use were rather incomplete but it will be seen from Table XIV that average number of volumes lent is 7 per pupil and 27 per day, counting 180 days to a school year. This is just for the 104 schools which reported. It would not be fair to strike an average for the entire association on this for many libraries are operated as reference libraries only.

The amount of instruction in the use of the library varies from 1 to 20 lessons and 75 schools report some instruction. Most of it is given in connection with the English Department if correlated with any subject at all.

To give the negative side.

If we take for granted that the schools that did not reply to the questionnaire had nothing to say, the situation is this. There are 508 high schools without libraries, 530 without full-time or part-time librarians and 681 receiving no instruction in the use of the library.

It is, of course, impossible to have these three things in small schools, so that the situation in the Southern Schools is more serious than if our schools were larger.

According to a report in last years Proceedings the typical high school has an enrollment of 304 and a faculty of 14. There are in the high school of this size 33 libraries, 15 full-time librarians and 19 part-time or teacher-librarians.

While this is the typical high school there are only 72 in that enrollment group, 300-400. Most of the schools have less than 200 enrollment, as seen in Table XIV.

The small enrollment of the schools makes the school library situation acute. The average school is too small to afford full-time librarian and adequate appropriation.

At the same time there are in the Association 219 schools having an enrollment of from 300 to 1000 or more. Only 126 of these have libraries and only 72 have full time librarians.

We believe it is possible to work out some recommendations by which all schools can have library service, properly proportioned to enrollment and financial support.

## QUESTIONNAIRE ON HIGH SCHOOL LIBRARIES

This data is being compiled with the approval of the President of the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States. A report of the findings will be made at the next annual meeting of the Association.

1. Name of school  
City or town State
2. Name of librarian
3. Number of faculty, current year?  
Number of students, current year?
4. Amount definitely appropriated for the library, current year?
5. If no appropriation is made, please give total amount spent for the library  
in the last completed year. Amount for books.
6. Who has control of the expenditures of the library?
7. Salary of librarian?
8. By whom is the librarian appointed?
9. Does the librarian give full time to the library? If not, how much?
10. Assistants, full time? Part-time?
11. Is the library open to others than the faculty and students?
12. Number of volumes in the library? How many are of actual value to the school?
13. Number of books lent for home use in the last completed year?
14. By whom are the books selected?
15. Is your entire collection cataloged? On cards?
16. How many periodicals do you regularly receive?
17. Does the library occupy a separate room, used for it alone? Seating capacity?
18. Have you a separate room for use as a work room or as a conference room?
19. Under whose jurisdiction is your library (Board of Education, Public library or other organization)?
20. Do you give regular instruction in the use of the library?  
How many lessons? By whom given, librarian or teacher?  
Where given, library or class room? What subjects are given?
21. Is the instruction correlated with any course in the curriculum? What course and how?

Please return to Miss Etta L. Matthews, Knoxville High School Library,  
Knoxville, Tennessee, as soon as possible.

TABLE I  
NUMBER OF SCHOOLS HAVING SEPARATE ROOMS FOR LIBRARIES  
STATES LISTED BY ENROLLMENTS.

STATE	Enrollment						TOTAL
	0-100	100-200	200-300	300-400	400-500	500 plus	
Alabama	2	3	4	3	1	4	17
Florida	0	8	2	2	0	5	17
Georgia	1	3	2	0	0	0	14
Kentucky	7	6	4	3	1	7	28
Louisiana	2	5	2	0	0	7	16
Mississippi	3	2	2	5	0	2	14
North Carolina	3	2	4	4	3	10	26
South Carolina	0	4	1	1	0	2	8
Tennessee	8	9	5	4	2	9	36
Texas	4	3	6	8	5	19	46
Virginia	1	11	3	3	1	0	27
Total	31	66	56	53	13	80	248

TABLE II  
NUMBER OF SCHOOLS HAVING FULL TIME LIBRARIANS

STATE	Enrollments						Total
	0-100	100-200	200-300	300-400	400-500	500 plus	
Alabama	0	1.	1	1	0	3	6
Florida	0	0	0	1	0	2	3
Georgia	0	0	1	0	0	6	7
Kentucky	1	2	0	2	1	5	11
Louisiana	0	0	1	0	0	4	5
Mississippi	0	0	0	3	0	3	6
North Carolina	0	0	1	2	0	6	9
South Carolina	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Tennessee	1	0	1	1	0	6	8
Texas	2	2	1	4	2	20	31
Virginia	0	1	0	0	1	5	7
Total	4	6	6	15	4	30	95

TABLE III  
NUMBER OF SCHOOLS HAVING PART-TIME OR TRACHER-LIBRARIANS

STATE	Enrollments						TOTAL
	0-100	100-200	200-300	300-400	400-500	500 plus	
Alabama	2	1	2	2	1	1	9
Florida	1	4	4	1	0	2	12
Georgia	1	3	1	0	0	0	5
Kentucky	6	2	2	1	1	2	14
Louisiana	2	3	2	0	0	3	12
Mississippi	3	1	3	1	1	0	9
North Carolina	2	3	3	2	2	3	15
South Carolina	0	3	1	1	0	1	6
Tennessee	5	6	2	3	2	3	21
Texas	2	2	2	5	2	1	14
Virginia	0	5	1	3	0	4	13
Total	24	36	25	19	9	20	130

TABLE IV.

## NUMBER OF SCHOOLS HAVING STUDENT LIBRARIANS

STATE	Enrollments						TOTAL
	0-100	100-200	200-300	300-400	400-500	500 plus	
Alabama			1				1
Florida		2	1				3
Georgia						1	1
Kentucky			1				1
Louisiana							
Mississippi							
North Carolina	1						1
South Carolina							
Tennessee	1	1	1			3	6
Texas			2			1	3
Virginia	1	5	2				8
Total	3	6	6			6	24

TABLE V.

## SUMMARY OF LIBRARIES AND LIBRARIANS

STATE	No. of schools in the Ass'n	No. of replies received	Libraries	Full-time Librarians	Part-time Librarians	Student Librarians	
Alabama	53	20	17	7	9	1	
Florida	76	22	17	3	12	3	
Georgia	80	17	14	7	5	1	
Kentucky	75	35	28	11	14	1	
Louisiana	74	22	16	6	12		
Mississippi	44	16	14	6	9		
N. Carolina	75	31	26	9	15	1	
S. Carolina	45	9	8	1	6		
Tennessee	67	45	36	8	21	6	
Texas	118	69	45	31	14	3	
Virginia	49.	31	27	7	13	0	
Total	756	307	248	95	130	24	

TABLE VI  
NUMBER OF VOLUMES IN LIBRARIES

STATE	0-500	500-1000	1000-2000	2000-5000	5000 plus
Alabama	1	5	7	6	0
Florida	3	11	6	3	1
Georgia	1	3	5	5	4
Kentucky	3	11	7	7	0
Louisiana	1	9	7	4	1
Mississippi	0	4	9	3	0
N. Carolina	0	9	10	9	3
S. Carolina	0	5	1	3	0
Tennessee	3	17	14	7	4
Texas	1	3	16	26	11
Virginia	3	10	6	9	1
Total	16	87	66	81	31

TABLE VII  
NUMBER OF SCHOOLS RECEIVING ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS

	Amount of appropriations			
	0-50	50-150	150-300	300 plus
ALABAMA				
0-100	1			
100-200			1	1
200-300		1	2	
300-400				
400-500				
500			1	1
TOTAL	1	1	4	2
FLORIDA				
0-100	1			
100-200		1	2	2
200-300			1	
300-400				1
400-500				1
500				1
TOTAL	1	1	3	4
GEORGIA				
0-100			1	
100-200			1	1
200-300			2	
300-400				
400-500				
500			1	2
TOTAL			6	3
KENTUCKY				
0-100	3		2	
100-200	3		2	1
200-300	2			2
300-400				
400-500			1	
500			4	3
TOTAL	8		9	6

TABLE VII  
(continued)

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS RECEIVING ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS

	Amount of appropriations			
	0-150	\$150-\$300	\$300 plus	
LOUISIANA				
0-100	1			1
100-200	1			2
200-300	1	1		
300-400				
400-500				
500		2		4
TOTAL		5	1	7
MISSISSIPPI				
0-100			2	1
100-200	1			1
200-300			1	1
300-400				3
400-500				
500				3
TOTAL	1		5	9
NORTH CAROLINA				
0-100		1		1
100-200	1	2		
200-300			1	1
300-400			1	2
400-500			1	1
500				5
TOTAL	1	3	3	10
SOUTH CAROLINA				
0-100				
100-200				2
200-300	1	1		
300-400		1		
400-500				
500			2	
TOTAL	1	2	2	2

TABLE VII  
(continued)

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS RECEIVING ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS

	Amount of appropriations			
	0-\$50	\$50-\$150	\$150-\$300	\$300 plus
TENNESSEE				
0-100		1		1
100-200			3	3
200-300	1			
300-400				1
400-500				
500		1		1
TOTAL	1	2	3	6
TEXAS				
0-100				2
100-200			1	2
200-300			1	5
300-400			2	6
400-500			1	3
500		1	2	14
TOTAL		1	7	31
VIRGINIA				
0-100			1	
100-200	5			1
200-300	1			
300-400	1		1	1
400-500				1
500	1		2	2
TOTAL		8	4	5

TABLE VIII  
LIBRARIES RECEIVING ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS

STATE	Amount of appropriation				TOTAL
	\$1-50	\$50-150	\$150-300	\$300 plus	
Alabama	1	1	4	2	8
Florida	1	1	3	4	9
Georgia	0	0	5	3	8
Kentucky	0	8	9	6	23
Louisiana	0	5	1	7	13
Mississippi	1	0	3	9	13
N. Carolina	1	3	3	10	17
S. Carolina	1	2	2	2	7
Tennessee	1	2	3	6	12
Texas	0	1	7	31	39
Virginia	0	8	4	5	17
TOTALS	6	31	44	85	166

TABLE VIII A

AVERAGE ANNUAL APPROPRIATION IN THE 166 SCHOOLS HAVING APPROPRIATIONS

STATE	Total appropriation	Total enrollment	Average per pupil
Alabama	\$ 3350	4064	.82
Florida	5195	5051	1.02
Georgia	10150	9478	1.10
Kentucky	7175	7392	.98
Louisiana	8355	7381	1.13
Mississippi	4150	2902	1.43
N. Carolina	25725	12941	1.81
S. Carolina	1675	2621	.63
Tennessee	9080	3699	2.42
Texas	26325	23034	.94
Virginia	5607	9817	.56

Average per pupil for all 166 schools 1.16

TABLE VIII B

AVERAGE ANNUAL APPROPRIATION IN ALL SCHOOLS IN THE ASSOCIATION

STATE	Total Appropriation	Total enrollment	Average appropriation per pupil
Alabama	5 3350	19906	.16
Florida	6195	18783	.27
Georgia	10150	21452	.47
Kentucky	7175	19110	.37
Louisiana	8355	16623	.50
Mississippi	4150	8900	.46
N. Carolina	23725	22577	1.06
S. Carolina	1675	12254	.13
Tennessee	9080	18274	.49
Texas	26325	54098	.48
Virginia	5607	18469	.30

Average appropriation per pupil for all schools .42

TABLE IX.

## NUMBER OF SCHOOLS RECEIVING ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS.

	0-450	\$50-\$150	Amount Spent on Books	
			\$150-\$300	\$300
ALABAMA (enrollment)				
0-100		1		
100-200			1	
200-300			3	1
300-400		1		1
400-500				1
500			1	3
TOTAL	0	2	5	6
FLORIDA				
0-100				1
100-200		2	3	2
200-300		3		
300-400			1	1
400-500				
500		2		4
TOTAL	0	7	4	8
GEORGIA				
0-100			1	
100-200		1	1	
200-300				1
300-400				
400-500				
500			2	3
TOTAL		1	4	4
KENTUCKY				
0-100		2	1	1
100-200		3	2	
200-300		1		1
300-400			3	
400-500				
500			1	2

Enrollment

TABLE IX.  
(continued)

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS RECEIVING ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS

5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
0  
-1  
E  
U  
N  
O  
L  
I  
V  
E

	Amount spent on books			
	0-100	\$100-150	\$150-300	\$300 plus
LOUISIANA				
0-100			1	
100-200		1	2	2
200-300	1		2	
300-400				
400-500				
500		1		2
TOTAL	1	2	5	4
MISSISSIPPI				
0-100		1	2	
100-200				1
200-300				1
300-400			2	
400-500				
500				
TOTAL	1	4		2
NORTH CAROLINA				
0-100	1			1
100-200	1		1	
200-300				1
300-400	1		2	
400-500			1	
500	1		1	4
TOTAL	4		5	7
SOUTH CAROLINA				
0-100				
100-200	1			
200-300	1			
300-400			1	
400-500				
500				
TOTAL		3		

TABLE IX.  
(continued)

NUMBER OF SCHOOL RECEIVING ANNUAL APPROPRIATIONS.

	Amount spent on books			
	0-450	\$450-150	\$150-300	\$300
TENNESSEE				
0-100		2		1
100-200		1	1	
200-300				
300-400				
400-500				
500				1
TOTAL	3	1		2
TEXAS				
0-100		2		1
100-200		2	1	
200-300		1	3	
300-400			2	
400-500			1	
500		2	11	
TOTAL	7		19	
VIRGINIA				
0-100				1
100-200	1	5	1	1
200-300	1	1		
300-400		1		
400-500				1
500	1			3
TOTAL	3	7	1	6

TABLE X.

## AMOUNT SPENT ON BOOKS

## BY STATES

STATE	\$1-150	\$50-150	\$150-200	\$300 plus	TOTAL
Alabama	0	2	5	6	13
Florida	0	7	4	8	19
Georgia	0	1	4	4	9
Kentucky	0	6	7	4	17
Louisiana	1	2	5	4	12
Mississippi	0	1	4	2	7
North Carolina	0	4	5	7	16
South Carolina	0	3	0	0	3
Tennessee	0	3	1	2	6
Texas	0	0	7	19	26
Virginia	3	7	1	6	17
TOTAL	4	36	43	62	145

TABLE X A

STATE	Total appro- priation	Total enrollment	Average per pupil
Alabama	5195	6806	.75
Florida	6030	4921	1.22
Georgia	2542	3854	.69
Kentucky	2092	1348	1.55
Louisiana	2193	3423	.64
Mississippi	1853	1468	1.26
N. Carolina	8365	5231	1.62
S. Carolina	570	1920	.29
Tennessee	1614	2975	.54
Texas	24081	18593	1.20
Virginia	5206	8800	.58

Total average per pupil in the 145 schools .93

TABLE X B

Average Amount spent for books in all schools in the Association

STATE	Total amount	Total enrollment	Average per pupil
Alabama	5195	19906	.26
Florida	6030	18783	.32
Georgia	2542	21452	.11
Kentucky	2092	19110	.10
Louisiana	2193	16623	.13
Mississippi	1863	8900	.20
N. Carolina	8366	22577	.37
S. Carolina	570	12254	.04
Tennessee	1614	18274	.08
Texas	24081	54098	.44
Virginia	5206	18469	.28

Total average per pupil .21

TABLE XI.

## JURISDICTION

STATE	Board of Education	Prin- cipal	Super- inten- dent	Board of Library Trustees	Schools	Other Organiza- tions	B. E. & B. L. T.	Col- lege
Alabama	14				2			1
Florida	14				4			
Georgia	10			1				
Kentucky	20					1	3	2
Louisiana	14				2			
Mississippi	12		1		2			
North Carolina	20			1	2	1	1	
South Carolina	6							
Tennessee	17			1	2	1	3	2
Texas	40				2			1
Virginia	18				7	1		
TOTAL	187	0	1	3	23	4	8	5

17 did not answer this question.

TABLE XII.

## INSTRUCTION

STATE	REGULAR	IRREGULAR	NUMBER OF LESSONS		
			1-5	6-10	11-20
Alabama	3	4	3		
Florida	5	4	1	2	
Georgia	5	3			
Kentucky	16	4	3	2	4
Louisiana	3	2			
Mississippi	4	3			
North Carolina	11	3		5	2
South Carolina	2	1			
Tennessee	6	3	1	3	
Texas	16	7	4	1	1
Virginia	5	2	2		1
	75	36	14	13	8

Very few reported the number of lessons given.

TABLE XIII.  
ENROLLMENT BY STATES.

STATE	1-100	100-200	200-300	300-400	400-500	500-1000	1000 plus	Total
Alabama	6	19	11	10	0	2	5	53
Florida	21	25	15	42	3	4	4	76
Georgia	7	36	11	12	3	11	0	80
Kentucky	12	34	13	7	2	5	3	76
Louisiana	16	36	13	2	2	3	2	74
Mississippi	12	17	7	3	1	4	0	44
N. Carolina	9	24	14	15	3	7	3	75
S. Carolina	2	18	15	2	4	3	1	45
Tennessee	18	23	10	8	0	4	4	67
Texas	10	31	22	9	12	22	12	118
Virginia	6	26	5	0	2	6	5	49
Total	119	288	136	72	32	71	59	757

TABLE XIV

NUMBER OF VOLUMES LENT FOR HOME USE IN 104 SCHOOLS WHICH REPLIED  
TO THIS QUESTION.

STATE	Total volumes	Total enrollment	Average per pupil	Average per day (180 days)
Alabama	28723	6754	4.2	17
Florida	5470	3591	1.5	6
Georgia	56569	6277	9	34
Kentucky	95876	6242	15	39
Louisiana	38193	4638	7.5	24
Mississippi	1060	104	6.4	2
N. Carolina	60390	6606	9.1	37
S. Carolina	11341	1401	8	32
Tennessee	17920	2403	7.4	20
Texas	68549	10838	6.3	23
Virginia	40859	7171	5	20

Total average per pupil 7

Total average per day 27

## PRIVATE SCHOOLS

	Private schools	Replies	Libraries	Librarians
Alabama	6	2	2	1
Florida	4	0	-	-
Georgia	14	4	5	1
Kentucky	18	18	18	6
Louisiana	2	0	-	-
Mississippi	4	1	1	0
S. Carolina	6	3	3	1
S. Carolina	6	2	1	0
Tennessee	17	11	9	2
Texas	10	3	3	3
Virginia	16	11	9	0
	50	44	44	13

[40 of the schools from which replies were received were private schools.]

44 have separate rooms as libraries. 13 have full time librarians.